On our way back to the ship landed on Middle rock which is covered with muscles at low water oysters may be found on it. In the evening the ship was warped into the cove within Outer cove.

Jan 16. Droped down to Lagoon Beach where we remained till the morning of the 19th in which time the entrance was more particularly examined by Mr. Collins who landed also on the opposite side.

Jan 19th. Said for Port Phillip where we arrived.

The *Lady Nelson* arrived at Port Phillip on the 21st January, 1804. The encounters with the natives described by Brown in his rough field-notes were in all probability the first in which whites and blacks were brought into intimate contact at Port Dalrymple. Flinders and Bass in 1798 caught sight of a few of the savages, but did not come to close quarters. We do not know if Louis Freycinet when he visited the port early in 1802 even saw any of them. Writing to Colonel Collins on the 30th December, 1802, Governor King informed him that a schooner had just returned to Sydney from Port Dalrymple "after an unsuccessful attempt to procure Fresh Water in search of which he (the Captain) may have been impeded by the natives, who were extremely inimical to him." This schooner was the Governor King, a sealing vessel belonging to a Sydney firm. The ways of sealing-men with natives later became a byword and a scandal, but it does not follow that the crew of the Governor King were the aggressive party on that occasion. Indeed, it would appear from the fact that Brown and his companions were able to get into touch at all, though only for a short time, that the aborigines of the district, probably the same as those met with by the sealers, were not harbouring vindictive feelings towards whites generally on account of previous wrongs.

Brown's sketches of the natives, slight as they are, properly belong to the category of those fuller pictures which we owe to earlier visitors, and which deal with the period before they were brought into downright opposition with the invaders of their territory when the permanent British settlement of the island took place in 1803 and 1804.

ADDITIONS TO THE CATALOGUE OF TASMANIAN MOLLUSCA.

By

DR. P. ANSELL ROBIN.

(Communicated by Clive Lord)

(Read 10th June, 1929)

*Ansell editha,* Prtt. & Gat.

1899 *Ansell editha,* Prtt. & Gat. P.R.S. Vic., vol. XI. n.s., p. 181, pl. XX., f. 5.

Habitat—Circular Head. Not uncommon (dead).

*Philine trapoeza,* Hedley.

1902 *Philine trapoeza,* Hedley. P.I.S. N.S.W., XXVI., p. 704, pl. 34, f. 22-24.

Habitat—Circular Head. One dead specimen.

*Solenya australis,* Lamare.


Habitat—Circular Head. One valve.

*Condylocardia chapmanii,* Gat. and Gab.


Habitat—Circular Head. Two dead specimens.


Habitat—Circular Head. Not uncommon (dead).


Habitat—Circular Head. Two dead specimens.


Habitat—Circular Head. Ten dead specimens, some of three, the others of four whorls.

The above shells have been kindly examined by C. J. Gabriel, Esq., who has confirmed the identification.
NOTE ON THE MOLLUSCA OF CIRCULAR HEAD.

In the Illustrated Index of Tasmanian Shells issued in 1923 by the late W. L. May, the habitat of a large number of shells was assigned to the East or South coasts (or to both), the implication being that they had not been reported from elsewhere in Tasmania. In the course of annual visits for the last twelve years to Circular Head, I have there gathered upwards of seventy of these species, and I append a list as likely to be of interest to anyone studying the distribution of Tasmanian mollusca.

*Neotrigonia margaritacea*, Lam.
*Lima strangii*, Sow.
*Cochlodoma angasi*, Crosse.
*Thraciopsis elongata*, May.
*Myodora brevis*, Sow.
*Myodora ovata*, Reeve.
*Myodora tasmanica*, T.-Woods.
*Venericardia columna*, Hed. & May.
*Caudakia minima*, T.-Woods.
*Caudakia tatei*, Angas.
*Macracallis diemenensis*, Hanley.
*Macracallis kingii*, Gray.
*Antigava legopus*, Lam.
*Bassina punicilamellata*, Dunker.
*Nicoma maria*, T.-Woods.
*Nicoma exotica*, Lam.
*Pseudarcopagia botanica*, Hedl.
*Geri kenyoniana*, Prit. & Gat.
*Panope australis*, Sow.
*Pholas obturamentum*, Hedl.
*Macrochisma tasmanica*, Sow.
*Clanculus undulatus*, Lam.
*Liutia micana*, Adams.
*Liutia densilinata*, Tate.
*Meretima cheilostoma*, T.-Woods.
*Epigrus cylindraceus*, T.-Woods.
*Rissoma elegans*, Angas.
*Rissoma angasi*, Pease.
*Ataxacerithium aceratum*, Adams.
*Seila crocea*, Angas.
*Cerithiopsis trisculpta*, May.
*Austrotitron parkinsonii*, Perry.
*Olivella leucozona*, Ad. & Ang.

BY DR. P. ANSELL ROBIN

*Ancilla marginata*, Lam.
*MARGINELLINUS buconus*, Tomlin.
*MARGINELLINUS formicula*, Lam.
*CANCELLARIA perpusiformis*, Kuster.
*DUPLEXIRA utulata*, Deshayes.
*PARKITRITHRA brazieri*, Angas.
*Apaturrea alba*, Petterd.
*Apaturrea costifera*, May.
*PSEUDORHITONIUM bilineata*, Angas.
*Nepotilla triseriata*, Verco.
*FASCIOLARIA fusiformis*, Valenc.
*FUSINUS novae-hollandiae*, Reeve.
*Mitra bellapicta*, Verco.
*Mitra pumilio*, May.
*Mitra strangii*, Angas.
*Pyrene beddomei*, Petterd.
*Rapana casandra*, Hodg.
*Murex angasi*, Crosse.
*TROPHON brazieri*, T.-Woods.
*TROPHON fenestratus*, Tate & May.
*TROPHON rudolphi*, Brazier.
*LEACONEPIS pellucidus*, Cooper.
*LEUCATINA concinna*, Adams.
*SURNOLIA bifasciata*, T.-Woods.
*SURNOLIA harrissonii*, Tate & May.
*SURNOLIA tasmanica*, T.-Woods.
*ODOSTOMIA portesi*, Gat. & Gab.
*TURBONILLA acicularis*, Adams.
*TURBONILLA beddomei*, Petterd.
*TURBONILLA fusca*, Adams.
*ENULINA columbia*, May.
*ENULINA mayi*, Tate.
*ENULINA mussita*, Hedley.
*ENULINA topaziana*, Hedley.
*CYPHECHINNA athkinsoni*, T.-Woods.
*CYPHECHINNA iridaleana*, Hedl.
*CYPHECHINNA pygmaea*, A. Ad.
*RHIZORUS rostratus*, Adams.